



Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 183-189

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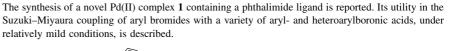
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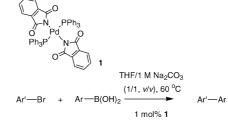
Articles

Nicholas M. Chaignon, Ian J.S. Fairlamb, Anant R. Kapdi, Richard J.K. Taylor, Adrian C. Whitwood

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 191

Bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II)phthalimide – an easily prepared precatalyst for efficient Suzuki–Miyaura coupling of aryl bromides



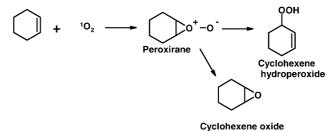


Nthapo Sehlotho, Tebbello Nyokong

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Zinc phthalocyanine photocatalyzed oxidation of cyclohexene

Cyclohexene photooxidation catalyzed by zinc phthalocyanine resulted in the formation of cyclohexenone, cyclohexenol, *trans*-cyclohexanediol, cyclohexene oxide and cyclohexene hydroperoxide, through both singlet oxygen (Type II) and radical (Type I) mechanisms.

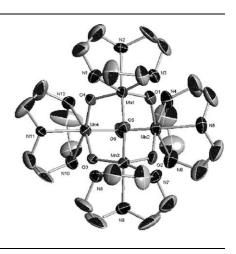


T.H. Bennur, D. Srinivas, S. Sivasanker, V.G. Puranik

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 209

 $\label{eq:catalytic activities of oxo-Mn-triazacyclononane complexes: spectral studies and single crystal X-ray structure of [Mn_4O_6(1,4,7-triazacyclononane)_4](ClO_4)_4\cdot H_2O$

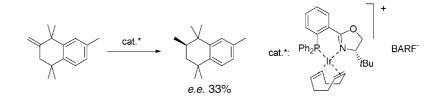
Monomeric terminal-oxo– and tetrameric bridgedoxo–Mn complexes viz., $[(tmtacn)Mn(O) (H_2O)]SO_4$ and $[Mn_4O_6(tacn)_4](ClO_4)_4 \cdot H_2O$, respectively, were isolated and characterized. Single crystal X-ray structure of the tetrameric bridged-oxo–Mn complex is reported. While the terminal-oxo–Mn complex exhibits efficient benzylic C–H bond oxidation activity of ethylbenzene with aqueous H_2O_2 as oxidant, the tetrameric bridged-oxo–Mn complex shows catalase activity. The study reveals the importance of nuclearity of the oxo–Mn species on the specific catalytic oxidation activity.



Alessandra Ciappa, Alberto Scrivanti, Ugo Matteoli

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The asymmetric hydrogenation of 1,1,4,4,7-pentamethyl-2-methylen-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-naphthalene, a viable catalytic approach to the synthesis of non-racemic Fixolide[®]

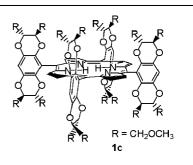


Hiroshi Nakagawa, Yoshihisa Sei, Kentaro Yamaguchi, Tetsuo Nagano, Tsunehiko Higuchi

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 221

Catalytic and asymmetric epoxidation by novel D_4 -symmetric chiral porphyrin derived from C_2 -symmetric diol

Novel D₄-symmetric chiral porphyrin **1c** was efficiently prepared by utilizing C₂-symmetric diols as the chiral source. A symmetric epoxidation of aromatic olefins by **1c**–Fe(Br)/PhIO system showed moderate to high enantioselectivity.

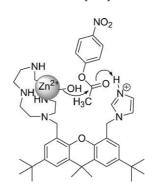


Neslihan Saki, Engin U. Akkaya

A bifunctional biomimetic catalyst accelerates the hydrolysis of a model substrate 5700-fold.

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Bifunctional catalysis of ester hydrolysis: novel hydrolytic enzyme models based on xanthene framework



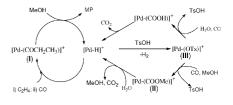
Gianni Cavinato, Luigi Toniolo, Andrea Vavasori

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Characterization and catalytic activity of *trans*-[Pd(COCH₂CH₃)(TsO)(PPh₃)₂], isolated from the hydro-methoxycarbonylation of ethene catalyzed by [Pd(TsO)₂(PPh₃)₂]

The title complex (I) was isolated after the hydromethoxycarbonylation (HMC) of ethene catalyzed by [Pd(TsO)₂(PPh₃)₂]. Also (I) is an active catalytic precursor $(TOF = 420 h^{-1} at 353 K)$, 4.5 MPa, $CO/C_2H_4 = 1/1$, $Pd/PPh_3/TsOH = 1/2$ 8/10). At r.t., in MeOH saturated with CO, it gives methylpropanoate (MP) in stoichiometric amount and is converted to trans-[Pd(COOCH₃)(TsO)(PPh₃)₂] (II). (II) does not react with C_2H_4 in MeOH at r.t.; at 353 K, in the presence of ptoluenesulfonic acid (TsOH) and PPh3, it is a precursor for the hydro-methoxycarbonylation, however is recovered as (I). The formation of (I), the conversion of (I) to (II) and of (II) to (I) are discussed in relation to the catalytic cycle, which is proposed to occur via a Pd(II)-H route,

through a type (I) intermediate. During catalysis, hydride consuming reactions occur with formation of (II) and/or [Pd(TsO)₂(PPh₃)₂], which are reconverted to the active hydride species upon interaction with CO and H₂O after CO₂ evolution.



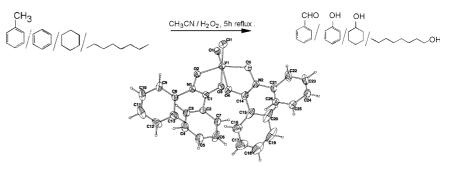
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Tapan K. Si, Krishna Chowdhury, Monika Mukherjee, Dulal C. Bera, Ramgopal Bhattacharyya

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Homogeneous selective peroxidic oxidation of hydrocarbons using an oxovanadium based catalyst

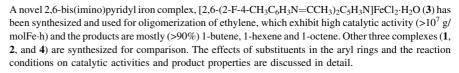
Efficient selective hydrocarbon oxidation to their respective aldehydes, phenols, alcohols and ketones using H_2O_2 as terminal oxidant and oxovanadium(V) based catalyst.

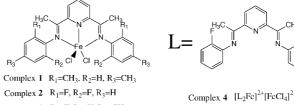


Zhicheng Zhang, Junfeng Zou, Nannan Cui, Yucai Ke, Youliang Hu

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Ethylene oligomerization catalyzed by a novel iron complex containing fluoro and methyl substituents





Complex 3 R_1 =F, R_2 =H, R_3 =CH₃

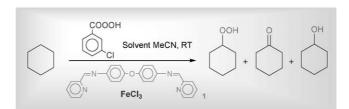
selectivity of the reaction.

The structures of complexes 1-4

Georgiy B. Shul'pin, Helen Stoeckli-Evans, Dalmo Mandelli, Yuriy N. Kozlov, Ana Tesouro Vallina, Camile B. Woitiski, Ricardo S. Jimenez, Wagner A. Carvalho

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Oxidation of alkanes with *m*-chloroperbenzoic acid catalyzed by iron(III) chloride and a polydentate amine



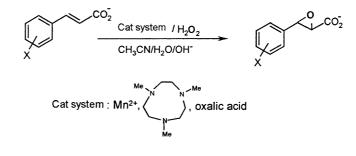
The addition to a metal-complex catalyst a polydentate amine (which mimics a peptide environment of a

reaction center in enzymes) leads to a noticeable enhancement of the alkane oxidation rate as well as

Bruce C. Gilbert, John R. Lindsay Smith, Antoni Mairata i Payeras, John Oakes, Roger Pons i Prats

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 265

A mechanistic study of the epoxidation of cinnamic acid by hydrogen peroxide catalysed by manganese 1,4,7-trimethyl-1,4,7-triazacyclononane complexes The influence of organic additives on the epoxidation of cinnamic acid by hydrogen peroxide, in the presence of Mn^{2+} and 1,4,7-trimethyl-1,4,7-triazacyclononane, has been studied. The most efficient system, with added oxalic acid, has been investigated in more detail and possible mechanisms for the reactions are presented.

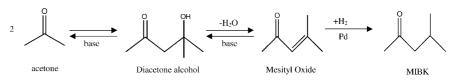


Ferry Winter, A. Jos van Dillen, Krijn P. de Jong

A catalyst mixture of activated Mg/Al hydrotalcite as solid base and Pd on carbon nanofibers was investigated for the synthesis of MIBK from acetone and hydrogen under mild conditions.

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Single-stage liquid-phase synthesis of methyl isobutyl ketone under mild conditions



Amir Azem, Felise Man, Sasha Omanovic

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Direct regeneration of NADH on a ruthenium modified glassy carbon electrode

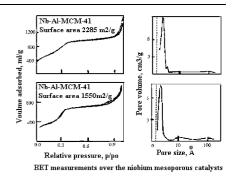
- Regeneration of enzymatically active NADH on a Ru-modified GC electrode is promoted by the fast hydrogenation of NAD-radicals by hydrogen adsorbed on neighboring Ru nano-islands.
 - (1) $H^+ + Ru \rightarrow Ru H_{ads}$ (2) $NAD^+ \rightarrow NAD^+_{surface}[GC] \xrightarrow{diffusion} NAD^+[GC/Ru boundary] + e^- \rightarrow NAD \cdot$ (3) $NAD \cdot + Ru - H_{ads} + e^- \rightarrow NADH + Ru$

Deepak B. Akolekar, Suresh K. Bhargava

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 301

Investigations on the novel niobium incorporated mesoporous catalytic materials

Novel niobium mesoporous (Nb–Al–MCM-41) catalysts with very high surface area (2285 m²/g) were synthesised and characterised. The catalysts were investigated for their NO/CO adsorption and disproportionation behaviour under various conditions.

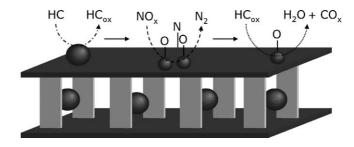


C. Belver, M.A. Vicente, M. Fernández-García, A. Martínez-Arias

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 309

Supported catalysts for $DeNO_x$ reaction based on iron clays

Iron species have been employed as active phase for the NO_x reduction with propene, choosing different modified clays as catalytic supports. The catalytic behaviour of the catalysts depends on the iron species, mainly located over the clay particles, and on the surface properties of the samples.



Contents

Qingshan Tian, Chen Jiang, Yougui Li, Changsheng Jiang, Tianpa You

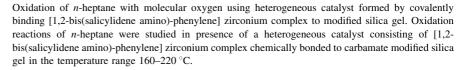
Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 315

Experimental and theoretical investigation of the relationship between the stericstructure of Schiff bases and the diastereoselectivity of pinacol produced from benzaldehyde

K.S. Anisia, A. Kumar

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 319

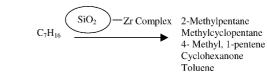
Oxidation of *n*-heptane with molecular oxygen using heterogeneous catalyst formed by covalently binding [1,2-bis(salicylidene amino)-phenylene] zirconium complex to modified silica gel



TiCl4(THF)

TMSCI, Zi

2PhCHO

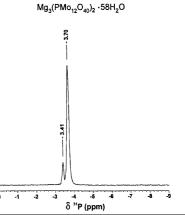


Enny Silviani, Robert C. Burns

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 327

Synthesis and characterization of soluble alkali metal, alkaline earth metal and related Keggin-type $\left[PMo_{12}O_{40}\right]^{3-}$ salts for heterogeneous catalysis reactions

Soluble $[PMo_{12}O_{40}]^{3-}$ salts containing the Group 1 (Li⁺ and Na⁺), Group 2 (Mg²⁺, Ca²⁺, Sr²⁺ and Ba²⁺) and Group 13 (Al³⁺) metals have been synthesized and thoroughly characterized by chemical analysis, TGA/DTA, IR spectroscopy, X-ray and neutron powder diffraction {Ba₃[P-Mo₁₂O₄₀]₂·(55.3)D₂O for the latter only}, and by both solid-state and solution ³¹P NMR spectroscopy.

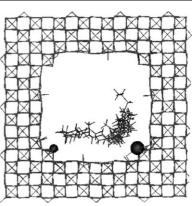


Bartłomiej Szyja, Jerzy Szczygieł

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 343

Energetically preferred locations of hydrocarbons in the structure of a Pt-Sn/ γ -Al_2O_3 catalyst: docking method

The most probable locations of hydrocarbon molecules on the micropore surface of a Pt-Sn/ γ -Al₂O₃ catalyst were determined using the docking method. The results revealed a very strong influence of the platinum centres and a considerably weaker one of the tin centres, comparable to those of the support atoms. Aliphatic hydrocarbons adsorb much closer to the micropore surface than do cyclic hydrocarbons.

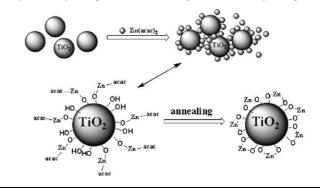


Ji-Chuan Xu, Yan-Li Shi, Ji-Er Huang, Bo Wang, Hu-Lin Li

A new method for doping metal ions onto the TiO2 surface is reported. The surface-doped TiO2 exhibits higher photocatalytic activity than pure TiO2 for the degradation of methyl orange in water.

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 351

Doping metal ions only onto the catalyst surface



A.B. Gaspar, L.C. Dieguez

Cr³⁺ species modifies the reduction profiles of Cr⁶⁺ and CO desorption in Cr/SiO₂ catalysts. This effect was not verified in function of distinct Cr_A^{2+}/Cr_B^{2+} ratios, obtained with different chromium precursors.

603

600

(x10)

(x10 500

1CrA

1CrE

1CrB

1CrC

MFCrO

isothermic

700

360

400

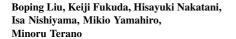
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Intensity (a.u.)

300

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Reduction and desorption with carbon monoxide in Cr/SiO₂ catalysts for ethylene polymerization

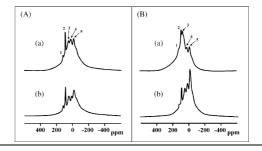


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²⁷Al MAS solid state NMR study on coordinative nature of alkyl-Al cocatalysts on a novel SiO2supported Ziegler-Natta catalyst for controlled multiplicity of molecular weight distribution

A novel SiO₂-supported Ziegler-Natta catalyst with alkyl spacers on the surface was developed for ethylene polymerization. The catalyst showed unique catalytic properties for production of PE with significantly varied MWD by solely changing the types of cocatalyst. A good correlation between coordinative states of Al species on the activated catalysts and the MWD of PE was established by ²⁷Al MAS solid state NMR method.

Temperature (K) Figure. TPD profiles of CO for the catalysts and MFCrO3 physical mixture



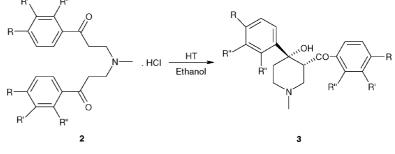
Mihaela Maris, Tamas Mallat, Elisabeth Orglmeister, Alfons Baiker H₂, Pd/Al₂O₃ Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 2-propanol, соон СООН (2004) 371 modifier (A, B or C) On the role of modifier structure in the palladiumcatalyzed enantioselective hydrogenation of furan-**NHR** OH 2-carboxylic acid В С A

restructuring of the Pt surface may play an important role.

Agnieszka Cwik, Aliz Fuchs, Zoltán Hell, Jean-Marc Clacens

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 377

An efficient and environmental-friendly synthesis of 4-hydroxy-arylpiperidines using hydrotalcite catalyst A practical and convenient synthesis of 4-hydroxy-arylpiperidines, starting from bis-ketonic Mannichbases in the presence of a commercially available non-activated 2:1 Mg:Al hydrotalcite, is described.



Katalin Balázsik, Mihály Bartók

Journal of Molecular Catalysis A: Chemical 219 (2004) 383

Heterogeneous asymmetric reactions Part 40. New data on repeated use of Pt-alumina catalyst during enantioselective hydrogenation of ethyl pyruvate



The repeated use of catalyst was studied under mild experimental conditions (H₂: 1 bar, 253–298 K, [dihydrocinchonidine] = 0.001-0.1 mmol/l) in toluene and AcOH. In toluene an "increased in ee on

reuse" was observed. This is an intrinsic feature of Pt-alumina-cinchona catalyst system, in which the